## 4732 Probability & Statistics 1

Note: "(3 sfs)" means "answer which rounds to ... to 3 sfs". If correct ans seen to  $\geq$  3sfs, ISW for later rounding

Penalise over-rounding only once in paper.

	Tounding only once in paper.	1	
1 (i)	attempts at threading indep	B1	in context
	prob of succeeding in threading const	B1 2	in context
(ii) (a)	$0.7^4 \times 0.3$	M1	
, , , , ,	= 0.0720 (3sf)	A1 2	Condone 0.072
(b)	$0.7^{5}$	M2	or 1- $(0.3+0.7\times0.3+0.7^2\times0.3+0.7^3\times0.3$
			$+0.7^4 \times 0.3$ )
			M1 for one term omitted or extra or
			wrong or 1-0.7 <sup>5</sup> or $(0.3++0.7^4\times0.3)$ or
	= 0.168 (3 sfs)	A1 3	0.3, 0.7 muddle or $0.7^4$ or $0.7^6$ alone.
	0.100 ( 3 313)	111 3	0.6 not 0.7 M0 in ( <b>a</b> ) M1 in ( <b>b</b> )
			` '
(***)	111-1-4-1	D1	1/3,2/3 used M1in (a) M1 in (b)
(iii)	likely to improve with practice	B1	or thread strands gradually separate
			1 <sup>st</sup> B1 must be in context.
	hence independence unlikely		hence independence unlikely
	or prob will increase each time	B1 2	or prob will decrease each time
			or similar
			Allow 'change'
Total		[9]	
2 (i) (a)	Use of correct midpts	B1	11,14,18,25.5
	$\sum lf \div \sum f \qquad (=706 \div 40)$	M1	<i>l</i> within class, $\geq$ three <i>lf</i> seen
	= 17.65	A1	[17.575,17.7]
	$\sum l^2 f \qquad (= 13050.5)$	M1	$\geq$ three $l^2 f$ seen
			_ ,
	$\sqrt{\frac{"13050.5"}{40}} - "17.65"^2 \qquad (= \sqrt{14.74})$	M1	$\div 40$ ,-mean <sup>2</sup> , $\sqrt{.}$ Dep>0.
	V 40		$\sum (1-17.65)^2 f$ , at least 3 M1,÷40, $$
	= 3.84 (3 sfs)	A1 6	M1,3.84 A1.
		111	$\div 4 \Rightarrow \max B1M0A0M1M0A0$
(b)	mid pts used or data grouped		not "orig values were guesses"
	or exact values unknown oe	B1 1	liot ong varaes were gaesses
(ii)	20 ÷ 5	M1	condone $20 \div [4,5]$ or ans 5
(11)	= 4	A1 2	condone 20 · [4,5] or ans 5
(iii)	20.5 <sup>th</sup> value requ'd <u>and</u>	$\Lambda_1$ $\mathcal{L}$	condone 20 <sup>th</sup>
(111)	1 <sup>st</sup> two classes contain 14 values	M1	
			0e
	16 – 20	B1 2	or third class oe
(iv) (a)	increase	B1 1	
(b)	decrease	B1 1	
Total		[13]	
3 (i)	$S_{hm} = 0.2412$		Allow x or ÷ 5
	$S_{hh} = 0.10992$		~
	$S_{mm} = 27.212$	B1	any one S correct
	$r = \underline{S_{hm}}$	M1	ft their Ss
	$\sqrt{(S_{hh}S_{mm})}$		
	= 0.139 (3 sfs)	A1 3	
(ii)	Small, low or not close to 1 or close	B1 ft	$1^{st}$ B1 about value of $r$
	to 0 oe		2 <sup>nd</sup> B1 about diag
	pts not close to line oe	B1	
(iii)	none or unchanged or "0.139" oe	B1 1	
(iv)	Larger oe	B1 1	
Total	6	[7]	
1 otal		L'J	<u>l</u>

4	(i)	$(0 \times \frac{1}{2}) + 1 \times \frac{1}{4} + 2 \times \frac{1}{8} + 3 \times \frac{1}{8}$	M1		$\geq$ 2 non-zero terms seen
		$=\frac{7}{8}$ or 0.875 oe	<b>A</b> 1		If $\div 3$ or $4 \text{ M0M0M1(poss)}$
		$(0 \times \frac{1}{2}) + 1 \times \frac{1}{4} + 2^2 \times \frac{1}{8} + 3^2 \times \frac{1}{8} $ (=	M1		≥ 2 non-zero terms seen
		$\left[1\frac{7}{8}\right]$			
		$-("\frac{7}{8}")^2$	M1		dep +ve result M1 all4 (x-0.875) <sup>2</sup> terms seen.
		$=\frac{71}{64}$ or 1.11 (3 sfs) oe	<b>A</b> 1	5	M1 mult p,∑ A1 1.11
	(ii)	Bin stated or implied	M1		Eg table or $\frac{1}{4}^n \times \frac{3}{4}^m$ (n+m=10,n,m\neq 1)
		0.922 (3 sfs)	A1	2	or10C4
	/•••\		) / 1		or 5(or 4 or 6) terms correct
	(iii)	$n = 10 & p = \frac{1}{8}$ stated or implied	M1		
		$^{10}\text{C}_4 \times \frac{7}{8}^6 \times \frac{1}{8}^4$	M1		
		= 0.0230 (3  sfs)	A1	3	condone 0.023
	Total		[10		
5	(i)	$\frac{6}{14} \times \frac{5}{13} \times \frac{3}{12}$	M1	_	${}^{6}C_{1} \times {}^{5}C_{1} \times {}^{3}C_{1}$
		× 3! oe	M1		$\div$ <sup>14</sup> C <sub>3</sub>
		$=\frac{45}{182}$ or 0.247 (3 sfs)oe	A1	3	With repl M0M1A0
	(ii)	$\frac{6}{14} \times \frac{5}{13} \times \frac{4}{12} + \frac{5}{14} \times \frac{4}{13} \times \frac{3}{12} + \frac{3}{14} \times \frac{2}{13} \times \frac{1}{12}$	M2		${}^{6}C_{3} + {}^{5}C_{3} + {}^{3}C_{3}$ M1 for any one
		14 15 12 14 15 12 14 15 12		-	$(\div^{14}C_3)M1$ all 9 numerators correct.
	/D 4 1	$=\frac{31}{364}$ or 0.0852 (3 sf)	A1	3	With repl M1 $(6/14)^3+(5/14)^3+(3/14)^3$
	Total (a)	At diag on application atint	[6	<u> </u>	
6	(a)	A: diag or explanation showing pts close to st line,	B1		
		always increasing			
		B:Diag or expl based on	B1		Diag or expl based on
		r=1=>pts on st line	D1	2	$r(s) \neq 1 = pts$ not on st line
		=>r(s)=1	B1	3	$=>r\neq 1$ r=1=>pts on st line&r(s) $\neq 1=>$ pts not
					on st line B1B1
					r=1=>r(s)=1 B2
	( <b>L</b> )	= -24×45+27	<b>N</b> 1 1		Attornet to sub oversacion for
	<b>(b)</b>	$\bar{y} = 2.4 \times 4.5 + 3.7$	M1 A1		Attempt to sub expression for y x=0.96x+1.48-c oe
		$\begin{vmatrix} = 14.5 \\ 4.5 = 0.4 \times \text{``}14.5\text{''}-c \end{vmatrix}$	M1		sub x=4.5 and solve
		c = 1.3	A1	4	c=1.3
		o2=v-h2v 14 5 N41 A 1.			14.5 M1A1.(y-3.7)/2.4=0.4y-c and
		a'=x-b'y:-14.5 M1A1; then a'=4.5-0.4x14.5=-1.3 M1A1			sub14.5 M1 c=1.3 A1
	Total		[7	]	
7	(i)	<sup>25</sup> / <sub>37</sub>	B2	2	B1 num, B1 denom 25/37xp B1
	(ii)	$\frac{15}{23}$ seen or implied	M1		
		$\times \frac{39}{59}$ seen or implied	M2		M1 num, M1 denom
		$=\frac{585}{1357}$ or 0.431 (3 sfs) oe			Allow M1 for 39/59x or + wrong p
	Total	1331	A1		
1	1 Otal		[6	1	

8 (i)	5!/2	M1	Allow 5P3
	=60	A1 2	
(ii)	4!	M1	Allow 2×4!
	= 24	A1 2	
(iii)	$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} \text{ or } \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4}$	M1	allow M1 for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} \times 2$ or $\frac{12}{25}$
	$\times 2$	M1	or $(6\times3!)\div(i)$ M2 or
	$= \frac{3}{5}$ oe	A1 3	$3! \div (i), 6 \div (i), (6+6) \div (i), 6k \div (i)$ or $6 \times 6$ or
			36 or 1-correct answer M1
			$(k, integer \le 5)$
Total		[7]	
9 (i)	$p^2$	B1 1	
(ii)	$(q^2p)^2$ oe =AG	B1 1	
(iii)	$r=q^2$	B1	May be implied
	a/(1-r) used	M1	With a=p <sup>2</sup> and r=q <sup>2</sup> or q <sup>4</sup>
	$p^2$		
	$(S_{\infty} =) \frac{p^2}{1 - a^2}$	A1	
	1-q		
		M1	Attempt to simplify using p+q=1
			correctly. Dep on $r = q^2$ or $q^4$
	$=$ $p^2$		$(1-q)^2$
	$= \frac{p^2}{1 - (1 - p)^2}$		$\frac{(1-q)^2}{(1-q)(1+q)}  \text{or } p^2/p(1+q)$
	p/(2-p) AG	A1 5	Correctly obtain given answer showing
		AI 3	at least one intermediate step.
P2Total		[7]	at least one intermediate step.

**Total 72 marks**